The most able military commander that Russia feet one inch in height. A large mouth, pug nose, William King—was a planter, in independent cireyes commonly half shut, a few gray side locks, cumstances, whose ancesters came from the north of unpowdered queue, the whole surmounted by a river in the colony of Virginia. He was highly esthree-cornered felt hat ornamented with green fringe, teemed for his many virtues, and was elected a memcomposed the "head and front" of Field-marshal ber of the State convention which adopted the feder-Suwarow; but his eyes, when open, were piercing, and in battle they were said to be terrifically expressive. When any thing said or done displeased Nantz. often be seen drilling his men in his shirt sleeves. It was only during the severest weather that he very commonly dispensed with, leaving his knee band unbuttoned, and his stocking about his heel. A huge sabre and a single order completed his ordinary costume; but on grand occasions his fieldwas fond of telling where and how he had won tinued in the practice of his profession until he was quested and obtained the permission of the President them. He often arose at midnight, and welcomed elected a member of Congress from the Wilmington to resign his office. and various messes which Duboscage describes as triotic spirits in that body who had determined to re- stitution. them effeminate. He had been very sickly in his youth, but by spare diet and cold bathing had those powers should be met in deadly strife. In June, had the pleasure of his acquaintance. condition.

in the footsteps of your grandfather, and agricul- vindicated and secured, and Experiment is the mother of science. One acre well cultivated will produce more than

two only scratched at, and with far less trouble. What is worth doing at all is worth doing well.

prepared, just because your neighbor has commencbattle is half won. Do not have a superabundance ple. On his return to the United States he determinof farming implements; but let what you have be A sharp knife will cut twice as fast as a dull one. and do much better.

but do not altogether lose sight of beauty. Nothing improves the look of a farm more than buildings neatly arranged and well put up, and the cost

WHAT ARE CONSOLS? They are three per cent-English stock, which had its origin in an act of the British Parliament consolidating (hence their name) several separate government stocks into one general stock, called in the act, "Consolidated Annuities," and commonly quoted, for brevity, as "consols."

When the consolidation took place, the principal of the several funds thus merged amounted to £9,137,821, but the funding of additional and subsequent loans and parts of loans into this stock, it amounted, on the 5th of January, 1836, to £356,- return for Alabama. On reaching Milledgeville, in 768,821. Since that period only one loan has been the State of Georgia, he received a letter from Gov. raised—that for compensation to the West India planters on the emancipation of the slaves—£20,- and that the certificate of his election had been trans-000,000—and a few millions have been paid. The mitted to the city of Washington. This was the total, at the present time, is between 370 and 375 first intimation which Colonel King had that his name

This stock, from its amount and the immense number of holders, is more sensitive to financial influence than any other and is therefore the favorite

—he did not hesitate to accept the honor so unexpecting. Thomas Payne, N. B. Gibson, William Stone, fluence than any other, and is, therefore, the favorite stock for the operations of speculators and jobbers. Its dividends are payable semi-annually.

## IS NOT THIS TOO TRUE? "The gay will laugh

When thou art gone, the solemn brood of care Plod on and each one as before will chase His favorite phantom."-Bryant.

gold, or the portrait that hung in our dwelling, will cease to have the slightest value to any living being. Single was warmly advocated by our senators—Walker and King.

barrel of carckers under the other."

perior so the best dwellings in this world, that the and also enabled them to secure their possessions up-President's House at Washington would not do for on reasonable terms. a smoke-house."

judiciously fed to them, and they can have seasonable supplies of water. But nature will require that at the close of each session a resolution was a. John T. Wilkinson, R. P. Brooks, Major Green, more in an open barn, and more still in a cold yard.

The fuel to feed the fires within will always bear a thanks of the body for the ability and impartiality and impartiality of the color of the body for the ability and impartiality of the color of the body for the ability and impartiality of the color of the body for the ability and impartiality of the color of the body for the ability and impartiality of the color of the body for the ability and impartiality of the color of the body for the ability and impartiality of the color of the body for the ability and impartiality of the color of the body for the ability and impartiality of the color of the body for the ability and impartiality of the color of the body for the ability and impartiality of the color of the body for the ability and impartiality of the color of the body for the ability and impartiality of the color of t in order to keep the creature comfortable. It is of minister to France, which he declined, as he had, Walker, John Paylor, Thomas Lawson, Stephen like placing your stove outside of the house to warm matic situations which had been tendered to him, prethe circumambient air, instead of placing it within ferring, as he declared, to be a senator from Alabama Coleman, A. Foshee, Wm. Daniel, Capt. A. Blalock, your snug little parlour. The extra out-door appe- to any office which could be conferred on him by the Maj. Ransom O'Briant, Wm. H. Long, Samuel A. siding. Gen. G. E. B. Singletary tendered his resign

From Pickett's History of Alabama. HON. WILLIAM R. KING, OF ALABAMA. William Rufus King is a native of North Carolina. has produced was in person miserably thin, and five He was born on the 7th April, 1786. His father—

and in battle they were said to be terrifically ex- en from France by the revocation of the edict of him, a wavy play of his deeply-wrinkled forehead William Rufus King received his education at the betrayed, or rather expressed, his disapproval. He University of North Carolina, to which he was sent had a philosophical contempt for dress, and might at the early age of twelve years. On leaving that institution, where his attention to his studies, and uniformly correct and gentlemanly deportment, had commanded the respect and regard of his fellows and wore cloth, his outer garments being usually of the approbation of the professors, he entered the law white serge turned up with green. These were office of William Duffy, a distinguished lawyer, rethe most indifferently made, as were his large, siding in the town of Fayetteville, North Carolina, coarsely greased slouching boots; one of which he and in the autumn of 1805 obtained license to practice in the superior courts of the State. In 1806 he was elected a member of the legislature of the State a liberal hospitality to his countrymen and others, from the county of Sampson in which he was born. and receiving from those connected with the govern-He was again elected the year following; but, on the ment, and a large circle of the most distinguished inmeeting of the legislature, he was chosen solicitor dividuals in Paris, the kindest attention. He returned marshal's uniform was covered with badges, and he by that body, and resigned his seat. Col. King con-

MAXIMS FOR FARMERS. Do not sow your grain continuance of the war, sustaining with all his pow- es even strangers with the conviction that they are or cultivate your crop in any particular manner be- er every measure deemed necessary to enable the in the presence of a finished gentleman. His fine cause your father did so. He may have followed government to prosecute it to a successful termination; and not until the rights of the country were mation which he possesses, render him a most interpeace restored to the esting companion. ture was not so well understood then as now. Prove land did he feel at liberty to relinquish the highly all things, hold fast to that which is good. If not, responsible position in which his confiding constitreject it, and try some other plan. Nothing of im- uents had placed him. In the spring of 1816 Col. portance was ever yet gained without some risk. King resigned his seat in the House of Representatives, and accompanied William Pinckney of Mary- in the Court House, on Tuesday, 9th March. The nett P. Pitt. land, as secretary of legation, first to Naples, and then to St. Petersburg, to which courts Mr. Pinck- the Chair and appointing Fleming Priddy and Benjaney had been appointed minister plenipotentiary. Col. min F. Wilson, Secretaries. King remained abroad not quite two years, having in Never sow your grain until the ground is well that time visited the greater portion of Europe, making himself acquainted with the institutions of the Martin, Esq. offered the following preamble and Reed sowing his. Prepare your ground well, and the various governments, and the condition of their peo- solutions, which were unanimously adopted: ed to move to the Territory of Alabama, which de-

termination he carried into effect in the winter of of the best kind, and keep them well sharpened. 1818-19, and fixed his residence in the county of of May next, for the purpose of selecting a suitable Dallas, where he still resides. A few months after candidate for the office of Governor for the State of Col. King arrived in the Territory-Congress having North Carolina, and being desirous to be represented When you build, have an eye to convenience, authorized the people to form a constitution and establish a State government—he was elected a mem-ber of the convention. Col. King was an active, talented and influential member of that body, was placed on the committee appointed to draft a constitution, and was also selected by the general commit-

tee, together with Judge Taylor, now of the State of under the administration of his Excellency, David Mississippi, and Judge Henry Hitchcock-now no more—to reduce it to form, in accordance with the principles and provisions previously agreed on. This duty they performed in a manner satisfactory to the committee. The constitution thus prepared was sub- authorized to appoint ten delegates to represent this mitted to the convention, and adopted with but slight county in a District Convention to be held in the

Bibb, of Alabama, informing him that he had been elected a senator in the Congress of the United States, even had been presented to the legislature for that high position; and injuriously as it would affect his -he did not hesitate to accept the honor so unexpectedly conferred upon him, and, leaving his people to pursue their way to Alabama, he retraced his steps, and reached the city of Washington a few days before the meeting of Congress. His colleague—the Hon. John W. Walker-had arrived before him. Alabama was admitted as a State, and her senators,

after taking the oath to support the constitution of the United States, were required to draw for their term ordered to be sent to the North Carolina Standard to service, when Major Walker drew six years and publication; and the meeting then adjourned.

JOHN HILL, Chr'n. A few friends will go and bury us—affection will a State of the Union the indebtedness of her citizens rear a stone, and plant a few flowers over our grave for lands sold by the United States-under what was -in a brief period the little hillock will be smooth- known as the credit system-was nearly twelve miled down, and the stone will fall, and neither friend lions of dollars. It was perfectly apparent that this nor stranger will be concerned to ask which of the enormous sum could not be paid, and that an attempt forgotten millions of the earth was buried there.

Every vestige that we ever lived upon the earth heretofore adopted for the disposal of the public dowill have vanished away. All the little memorials main was wrong, and a law was passed reducing the minimum price from two to one dollar and twenty.

ODD COMPARISON. Elder Knapp, the eccentric revivalist, in a sermon at Springfield, Illinois, last winter, used the following singular comparisons:

"As hard as it is to blow up hell with a pine shingle hitched to a bob toil rat—as here to do it."

"As hard as it is to blow up hell with a pine shingle hitched to a bob toil rat—as here to do it."

"As hard as it is to blow up hell with a pine relinquished, so as to make complete payment on the shingle hitched to a bob toil rat—as here to do it.

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"As hard as it is to blow up hell with a pine relinquished, so as to make complete payment on the relinquished to a bob to do it." shingle hitched to a bob-tail rat—as hard to do it part retained. At a subsequent session another law as it would be for a fish to climb up the side of a was passed, authorizing the original purchasers of the house with a loaf of bread under one arm and a lands so relinquished to enter them at a fixed rate, much below the price at which they had been origi-"Lord send down the Holy Spirit on the people Walker, Alabama is mainly indebted for the passage talents, integrity, and patriotism, of our present inof these laws, which freed her citizens from the heavy cumbent, David S. Reid—that he is our first and only Thos. N. Evett, Wm. T. Gerrard. "The mansions of the blest will be so much su- debt which threatened to overwhelm them with ruin,

in 1834, and in 1840. His firm but conciliatory course to be held in Hillsboro', on the 29th of April next. KEEPING CATTLE WARM. Cattle will cat all insured for him the respect and confidence of the that nature requires in a good warm barn, if it is Senate, and he was repeatedly chosen to preside over C. S. Winstead, and W. H. Bailey, Esqs., setting that body as President pro tem., the duties of which forth the true policy of the Democratic party. proportion to the cold atmosphere surrounding the with which he had discharged those duties. In the Anderson Jones, James M. Paylor, Kinchen Newsurface of the body without, which is to be warmed. spring of 1844 Col. King was offered the situation man, W. G. Winstead, Wm. H. Hamlett, sen., Jesse tite is caused mainly, if not entirely, by the extra general government. At this time the proposition for exposure commanding extra fuel. Granite Farmer. the annexation of Texas was pending, and there was ORIGIN OF THE MAINE LIQUOR LAW. It is stated that the British government was urging that of France to unite with her in stead, A. N. Hall.

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Generals have departed this life, viz: 1 aylor, vi origin, but too much reason to believe that the British government was urging that of France to unite with her in stead, A. N. Hall.

ORIGIN OF THE MAINE LIQUOR LAW. It is stated appointment, and R. H. Blount was appointed deputy.

Generals have departed this life, viz: 1 aylor, vi origin, but too much reason to believe that the British government was urging that of France to unite with her in stead, A. N. Hall. ed that this bill passed the Lower House of the Maine Legislature with the confident expectation of the highest importance to prevent, if possible, such To the District C Maine Legislature with the confident expectation that it would be defeated in the Senate As the joint protest as, should it be made, must have inevimembers of the Senate did not like the idea of as- both of these powers; for no one for a moment be- Hamlett, M. G. Thomas, Reuben Long, Robert A.

he put his official signature to it, and it became the ation of Texas; and when urged by the President Baltimore Sun. and many of his friends in Congress to accept the

mission he consented, under these circumstances, to give up his seat in the Senate. Colonel King, feelpaired at once to New York, and took passage for J. Pippen Esq., was called to the Chair, and Charles Havre. Arriving in Paris, he obtained an audience Harrison Esq., appointed Secretary. brought over the top of his bald crown, and a small Ireland, and were among the early settlers on James of the King, presented his credentials, and at once entered upon the object of his mission. After frequent conferences with the King of the French, who had kindly consented that he might discuss the subject with him, without going through the usual routine of communicating through the Foreign Office, Colonel King succeeded in convincing his Majesty that the contemplated protest, while it would not arrest the proposed annexation, would engender on the minds of the American people a feeling of hostility towards France, which would operate most injuriously to the interests of both countries now united by the closest bonds of friendship; and his Majesty ultimately declared that " he would do nothing hostile to the United States, or which could give to her just cause of offence." The desired object was accomplished. England was not in a condition to act alone, and all idea of protest was abandoned. Colonel King remained in France until the autumn of 1846, dispensing

the first soldier he saw moving with a piercing imthe first soldier he saw moving with a piercing imitation of the crowing of a cock, in compliment to his early rising. It is said that in the first Polish war, knowing a spy was in the camp, he issued orders for an attack at cock-crow, and the enemy expecting it in the morning, were cut to pieces at pecting it in the morning, were cut to pieces at process. This was a most important as a most important a pecting it in the morning, were cut to pieces at nine at night—Suwarow having turned out the riod in the history of the country. The governments of the death of Gen. Taylor, the President troops an hour before by his well-known cry. The of England and France had for years rivalled each of the United States, Mr. Fillmore, the Vice Presievening before the storm of Ismail, he informed his columns—"To-morrow morning, an hour before daybreak, I mean to get up. I shall then dress daybreak, I mean to get up. I shall then dress abandonment of orders in council on the one hand, highest office in the government. Colonel King has and wash myself, then say my prayers, and then and decrees on the other, which had nearly cut up ever been a decided republican of the Jeffersonian give one good cock-crow, and capture Ismail." the commerce of the country by the roots, and a large school. He has, during his whole political life, op-When Segur asked him if he never took off his clothes at night, he replied, "No! when I get lazy. and want to have a comfortable sleep, I generally tion would be degrading, and they called upon the necessary to carry into effect an expressly granted take off one spur." Buckets of cold water were of a war. In this state of things Col. King took his often declared, that the security and harmony, if not thrown over him before he dressed, and his table seat in the House of Representatives, and unhesitatwas served at seven or eight o'clock with sandwiches ingly ranged himself on the side of the bold and pa-

"des ragotus Kosacks detestables;" to which men pel aggression—come from what quarter it might— In all the relations of life Colonel King has mainpaid "the mouth honor, which they would fain de-

strengthened and hardened himself into first-rate 1812, war was declared against England, Mr. King | Colonel King is about six feet high, remarkably advocating and voting for the declaration. He contin- erect in figure, and is well proportioned. Brave and ued to represent his district in Congress during the chivalrous in his character, his whole bearing impress-

## Democratic Meeting in Stokes.

meeting was organized by calling Hon. John Hill to

The Chairman having explained the object of the meeting in a few brief and appropriate remarks, J. J.

WE, the Democrats of Stokes County, do approve of the recommendation to hold a Democratic State Convention in the city of Raleigh, on the 13th day in said Convention,

Therefore be it Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting be authorized to appoint ten delegates to represent this county in said convention.

S. REID, and we cheerfully recommend him for renomination to the office of Governor—pledging our-selves to give him a cordial and united support. Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting be

town of Greensborough, on Tuesday of May Court On the adjournment of the convention Col. King next, for the purpose of selecting a delegate to reprereturned to his former residence in North Carolina, sent this Congressional District in the Baltimore Con-where most of his property still was, and, having vention, to be held on the first day of June next, to made his arrangements for its removal, set out on his select candidates for the offices of President and Vice President of the United States.

Resolved, That we recommend to the Democrats of Stokes and Forsyth to unite at some suitable time and place in convention, for the purpose of selecting four candidates to represent Stokes and Forsyth counties in the next General Assembly of North Carolina. The Chairman then appointed the following persons delegates to the State Convention to be held in Raleigh: J. J. Martin, Joel F. Hill, C. W. McAn-

William A. Mitchell. The following persons were appointed delegates to the District Convention in Greensborough: Jos. B. McAnally, J. W. Spainhour, J. J. Martin, Caleb Hill, B. F. Wilson, F. Priddy, John Brown, John F. Riddick, M. T. Smith and Peter Hutchison. On motion, the proceedings of this meeting were ordered to be sent to the North Carolina Standard for

## B. F. WILSON, Sec's. F. PRIDDY.

Democratic Meeting in Person. At a meeting of a portion of the Democrats of Person, held in the Court House on Tuesday, the 16th instant, on motion of John W. Cunningham, Esq., Robert Hester, Esq., was called to the chair, who,

The following resolutions were then introduced by C. S. Winstead, Esq., which were, on motion of Mr. Cunningham, unanimously adopted:

Governor, and for other purposes. Therefore,

Resolved, That the chairman of this meeting appoint fifty delegates to represent this county in said Con-

choice, at this time, for Governor-and that we pledge him our most hearty support. Resolved. That the chairman appoint ten delegates

Col. King was elected a senator in 1823, in 1828, to represent this county in the District Convention. Under the first resolution, the chairman appointed

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

R. HESTER, Chairman. W. WHITFIELD, Secretary,

Democratic Meeting in Edgecombe.

At a large meeting of the democrats of Educcombe. ing the importance of prompt action, did not even re- held at the Court House in Tarborough, on Tuesday turn to his home to arrange his private affairs, but re- the 9th inst., (it being Superior Court week) Joseph

The Chairman stated the objects of the meeting to be, the taking of such action as might be deemed advisable, in reference to the 'ensuing Presidential and Gubernatorial elections.

On motion, it was Resolved, That the Chairman appoint a Committee of five persons to prepare resolutions for the consideration of the meeting. The Chairman appointed Robert R. Bridgers, James

S. Battle, William S. Long, Robert D. Wimberly, and William Norfleet as such Committee. The Committee retired and during their absence Asa Biggs Esq., addressed the meeting in anable and

impressive manner. The Committee returned and reported as follows: Your Committee, deeming it unnecessary to pre- ern districts. sent resolutions embodying the leading principles of

leave to report the following: WHEREAS, this meeting approves the Conventions. which are proposed to be held at Baltimore and Raleigh, having for their objects the nomination of Can- isfactory termination. didates, respectively, for the offices of President and Vice President of the United States, and Governor of North Carolina,

Resolved. That the Chairman appoint two persons, from each militia district in this County, as delegates to the Democratic Convention, to be held at Raleigh on the 13th day of May next. Resolved, That this meeting prefers the Hon. Da

VID S. REID, as the candidate for the office of Gover-

Resolved, That the Chairman appoint one person, from each militia district in this county, as delegates to the Convention to be held in Nashville, for the purpose of selecting some person to represent this Congressional District in the Baltimore Convention. The preamble and resolutions were unanimously

On motion, it was Resolved, That the Chairman and Secretary be appointed delegates to both the said Conventions, and that Robert R. Bridgers and John Norfleet, Esqs., assist the Chairman in selecting the other delegates under the foregoing resolutions. On motion of Jas. S. Battle Esq., it was Resolved, That JAMES BUCHANAN of Pennsylvania and ROBERT STRANGE of this State are the choice of this meeting,

The following persons were appointed as delegates, to the Convention at Raleigh: Jno. S. Dancy, Henry T. Clark, Jas. S. Battle, paid the mouth nonor, which they would fain de-ny, but dare not," lest Suwarow should consider The withdrawal of the Berlin and Milan decrees by my, but dare not," lest Suwarow should consider The withdrawal of the Berlin and Milan decrees by my, but dare not," lest Suwarow should consider the milant the rights and milan decrees by my, but dare not," lest Suwarow should consider the milant the rights and milant th France, while England refused to abandon her orders endeared him to numerous friends, and command- Joshua Barnes, Jno. W. Farmer, Jno. G. Williams, and 1200 Surat. in council, put an end to all hesitation as to which of ed for him the respect and confidence of all who have James J. Taylor, William Ellis, Elias Barnes, William Y. Moore, Richard T. Eagles, Jno. A. Vines, B. B. Barren, Thos. Norfleet, R. D. Wimberly, Josiah D. Perkins, Wm. F. Mercer, David Cobb, Jesse Harrell, Wm. R. Cherry, Calvin Jones, Benjamin

> H. B. Bryan, Jno. F. Speight, T. L. Marter, Chas. James D. Barnes, Willie G. Barnes, Jacob S. Barnes, R. S. Johnson, Jno. O. Oates, C. B. Killebrew, J. L. Pursuant to previous notice a large and respectable Horne, Jno. H. Daniel, Henry R. Cherry, Wm. S.

> > It was then Resoled, That the Southerner and Standard be requested to publish the proceedings.

Whereupon the meeting adjourned.

JOSEPH J. PIPPEN, Ch'n.

CHARLES HARRISON, Sec'y.

Democratic Meeting in Beaufort. At a meeting of a portion of the Democrats of Beaufort county, held at the Court-House in Washington, Wednesday, 17th inst.; on motion, John W. column 108 feet high, is also here; but of all the public to retain its cleaning qualities for that time. Woodard, appointed Secretary. The Chairman hav- built on a rugged rock, rising on three sides, from a 100,000 bushels of Wheat have been cleaned, and they ing explained the objects of the meeting, Wm. B. level plain, to the height of 200 feet. Upon its ram- have never been out of order one day. Rodman, Esq., moved that a committee of five be appointed by the Chair to introduce a set of resolutions attempts in manufacturing ordnance. It is made State Fair, and a Premium with a Silver Medal, at the for the action of the meeting. The following gentle-men were then appointed. B. M. Selby, John R. safe shooting iron, as we should say at this day. In

Address the Subscriber at South Lowell Mills. Orange Carmer, M. Stevenson, James K. Hatton, and Wm. literature, Edinburgh has always held a high position, B. Rodman, Esq's, who retired, and after a short and its University has long since attained general celabsence, returned and reported through W. B. Rod- ebrity. Among perodical works they have the reman, Esq., the following resolutions, which were, on nowned Edinburgh Review and Blackwood's Magamotion of A. F. Woodard, unanimously adopted: | zine, both of which are republished in the United Resolved, That the Democrats of Beaufort county States, and circulated extensively.

are strongly attached to the Union as it was established by our fathers; that we have seen with regret the efforts made by the Abolitionists and others at the North to weaken it by extending the powers of the Federal Government to subjects never committed to it. We believe the only way to preserve the Union is by a scrupulous forbearance to extend the exercise take them out immediately, passing them through the of federal powers to objects not clearly within the hand to take off the most of the oil that adheres to jurisdiction of the Federal Government, and by a strict regard for the rights of the States.

Resolved, That we approve the holding of the proposed convention in Baltimore, and while we deem prefer tanners' oil for their harness-some think comit unnecessary to give any instructions to the delegate to be sent there from this district, it is because will do. But harness should be well washed and of our confidence that he will pledge our support to oiled twice a year at least, and in the long run the no man whose views on the powers of the Federal best oil pays the best; coarse oil does not penetrate Government are not fully known, and who will not the leather, but forms a kind of gum, to which dust, certainly maintain our Constitutional rights.

point Delegates to represent us in the State Conven- after an oiling, if it is used much. Therefore a little tion, proposed to be held at Raleigh, and also in the District Convention proposed to be held at Newbern, for the purpose of appointing delegates to represent this district in the Baltimore convention. Resolved, That we recommend DAVID S. REID as

the democratic candidate for Governor. The Chairman then appointed the following dele-

Tranter's Creek. Henry Hodges, Dempsey H. Latham, Wm. A. Lanier, Frank Hodges. Washington. Harmon Eason, Edw. Hodges, J. R. Carmer, B. M. Selby, S. T. Brown, Wm. B. Rodman, Seth K. Cordon, Jesse G. Bryan, Henry P. Allen, A. C. Latham, U. H. Ritch.

Beaver Dam. Jacob V. Little, John P. Bayner, Moses Congleton, Benj. Candy. Long Acre. Levi Stubbs, Arnot Waters, Caswell

Bath. Horace Hilton, Dr. J. F. Tompkins, Sam' Windly, Benj. Robinson, Dr. W. Bonner, G. W. Oden, A. W. Hammond. Lower Broad Creek. Wm, H. Davis, Israel Brooks

Thos. W. Topping, W. B. Windly.
North Creek. George W. Barrow, Jas. Cousins Oden Baily. Leachville. Burwell Reddick, Wm. Clark, Ebene-

zer Satterthwaite, Winfield Muse. Head of Pungo. 'Wm. Allen, W. H. Allen, Chas. H. Davis, Lavender Allen. Chocowinity. B. F. Harding, C. Bright, Wm. A. Blount, Jr., T. R. Crawford.

Blount's Creek. Jas. F. Clark, Wm. J. Adams, Durham's Creek. Dr. W. S. Woodward, Chas. stop there. W. Bonner, Chas. W. Crawford, David Roe. South Creek. George Jarvis, Joseph Simpson, A.

Buchanan. Goose Creek. Zion Flowers, Wm. Potter, Malachi Potter, Benj. Campain. Wm. B. Rodman moved that the Chairman and Secretary be added to the list of delegates.

Moved by Jas. K. Hatton, that the thanks of the meeting be tendered to the Chairman and Secretary. Moved by Jas. K. Hatton, that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Republican and Patriot. After which the meeting, on motion, adjourned. war for the present is at an end.

Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of our said Court, at of Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of Our said Court, at of Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of Our said Court, at of Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of Our said Court, at of Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of Our said Court, at of Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of Our said Court, at of Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of Our said Court, at of Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of Our said Court, at of Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of Our said Court, at of Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of Our said Court, at of Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of Our said Court, at of Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of Our said Court, at of Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of Our said Court, at of Witness, Court, at of Witness JOHN W. LATHAM, Chairman.

A. F. WOODARD, Secretary.

NASH COUNTY. Superior Court for Nash County was in session last week, his Honor, Judge Dick pre-

that it would be defeated in the Senate. As the made, must have inevimembers of the Senate did not like the l suming the responsibility of defeating the bill, they passed it for the Governor to veto. When it was brought to Governor Hubbard, he expressed his incignation at their folly in passing such a bill, and saying, "If they want the bill, let them have it," he put his official signature to it, and it became the put his official signature to it, and it became the put his official signature to it, and it became the suming the responsibility of defeating the bill, they both of these powers; for no one for a moment believed that the government of the United States would Torian, Jefferson Brooks, and Charles Mason.

On motion of C. S. Winstead, it was ordered that they publish the same of consequences which might result from any approach the powers of Europe.

Colonel King was a decided advocate of the annex-point of the United States would be deterred from carrying out a measure which she deterred from carrying out a measure which she considered essential to her interests from any approach the proceedings be sent to the Milton Chronicle and Raleigh Standard, with a request that they publish the same.

Colonel King was a decided advocate of the annex-point of the United States would the government of the United States would the government of the Mint, is the lieved that the government of the Mint, is the lieved that the government of the Mint, is the lieved that the government of the Mint, is the lieved that the government of the Mint, is the proceedings be sent to the Milton Chronicle and Raleigh Standard, with a request that they publish the same.

Colonel King was a decided advocate of the annex-point of the Mint, is the lieved that the government of the Mint, is the lieved that the government of the Mint, is the lieved that the government of the Mint, is the lieved that the government of the Mint, is the lieved that the government of the Mint, is the lieved that the government of the Mint, is the lieved that the government of the Mint, is the lieved that the government of the Mint, is the lieved that the government tiff-counsel for plaintiff, Messrs. Dortch and Busbee, Police, estimates that portion of the population of for defendant, Messrs. Moore and Whitaker. The Paris which lives by villainy and upon charity at Court adjourned on Friday. Golds. Rep. & Pat. 63,000.

LATER FROM EUROPE

New York, March 21. The American mail steamer Pacific arrived at her wharf this afternoon, bringing dates from Liverpool to the 10th inst., four days later than last advices.

A mutiny took place on board the packet ship Queen of the West, at Liverpool, on the 6th, which was quelled after a terrible fight. She sailed on the 9th, under a new captain and men. Her former commander, Capt. Moore, comes passenger in the Pacific. ENGLAND. Everything was quiet in England, and but little of interest had transpired. The elections to Parliament, to fill vacancies occasioned by the ap-

pointment of the new Ministers, were progressing. Henries, for Stamford, and Whitesides, for Enniskillen, are both returned.

IRELAND. Dr. McHale has raised the standard against the established Church. Alarming accounts of the spread and organization of Ribbon parties have been received from the North-

FRANCE. France continues quiet, and the governthe Democratic party, which are so well known, beg ment arrangement with the Bank is satisfactory to commercial men. The fusion of the two branches of the Bourbon

> The Swiss staff officers at Paris, have been ordered to return to Switzerland forthwith. The difficulties of New York City, says: between France and Switzerland have, however, it is

said, been arranged for the present. The French Ambassador has suddenly left London and arrived at Paris, and his return is the subject of much speculation.

A steam frigate had sailed from Touton for Algiers, with 300 political exiles on board. The Paris Bourse was buoyanton Monday the 8th. and prices had improved on the closing rates of

Belgium has just ratified a treaty of commerce and navigation with England. AUSTRIA. A serious conspiracy to overthrow the government has been detected. Troops were on the move at the latest dates, and every pass between Aus-

tria and Turkey strongly guarded.

MARKETS.—Liverpool, March 10. Cotton meets a fair demand, but the Canada's advices had flattened the market, and holders were more anxious to realize.

There was no quotable change in prices. Wright & Gardner's Cotton circular of the 9th quotes fair Uplands and Mobiles at 5 #d; Orleans 5#d; Middling Uplands 5d; Mobile 51; Orleans 51d. Sales of latter on Saturday, Monday and Tuesday spect, were 25,000 bales-the trade took 16,500 and the speculators 6,000; for export 2,500 bales.

On Wednesday the market was quiet at steady rates, with sales of from 6000 to 7000 bales. Exporters took 500 American, and speculators 500 American,

Breadstuffs .- There has been a slow sale of wheat at 2d decline. Flour has declined 6d to 1s. Corn is steady.

Mankin's Circular quotes mixed and read Wheat at 5s 10d a 6s 3d; white 6s 7d to 7s 1d. Western by Druggists throughout the State. Canal Flour 21s to 21s 6d. Philadelphia and Balti-Batts, Kenneth Thigpen, L. S. Dunn, L. R. Cherry, more 21s 3d to 21s 9d; Ohio 22s 6d to 23s 6d; Orleans 22s to 23s. Corn, yellow, 29s to 29s 6d. The money market is steady and consols closed on Wm. Norfleet, D. Ferguson, Wm. G. Sharpe, Tuesday at 971. American securities are in fair re- keeps cor quest at the Niagara's quotations.

> EDINBURGH. The metropolis of Scotland is situated upon the Frith of Forth. The town stands on high and uneven ground, being built on three eminences. Here stands the Palace of Holyrood House, the residence of the quondam sovereigns of Scotland, the residence of the lovely and unfortunate Mary, Queen of Scots, and the scene of the murder of Reizzio the Machines running in N. C.; and I wish to offer no other Italian, suspected of too close intimacy with the queen. The room where the tragedy was enacted still remains whose expectations have been more than realized in as when it occurred, even to the blood upon the floor. their performance. It not only thoroughly cleanses the Here, also, is the splendid monument of the "Wizard Wheat of smut, but also purifies it of all other substances, of the North," the immortal Sir Walter Scott. The monument to Lord Nelson on Calton Hill, a circular the Mill, and requires but little power. It is warranted parts is the great gun Mons. Meg, one of the first There was awarded to it the Premium at the Maryland

OILING HARNESS. In oiling harness, let them be washed clean, in warm water, and when very nearly dry, have a tub with warm water in it, and into this pour about one pint of nice, fine oil-then immerse the different pieces of harness into this oil slowly, and them, and hang them up to dry. This is an easy, and effectual way to oil leather, fly-straps, lines, &c., and may be done without any waste of oil or time. Some mon lamp oil, and some seem to think none at all, hair, &c. adhere, and rots the leather. Old harness, Resolved, That we authorize the Chairman to ap- that has not been used to oil, is very likely to break, melted tallow is better for them.

N. B. A little lamp black mixed with the oil, will give the harness a fine jet black appearance, by rubbing them with a woollen cloth. Germanton Telegraph.

Markets.

NEW YORK, March 23. Flour dull. Sales of 2,000 barrels at \$4 50 a \$4 624 for State and south

White wheat 98 a 101 cents. Yellow corn 64 a 65 cents. Rye 76 cents. Oats 43 cents. Mess pork \$17. Lard 91 a 101 cents. Cotton quiet and unchanged. Whisky 21 a 211 cents.

Stocks.-Sales of United States 6s, 1867, 118; Canton 751; Erie 841.

Heavy Bank Robbery.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 19. The Central Railroad Bank, of this place, was entered yesterday and robbed of \$20,000. No clue to the perpetrators of the robbery has yet been discovered.

HALIFAX, March 22. Sir John Harvey, Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Nova Scotia since 1848, expired to-day at 12 o'clock m.

Death of Sir John Harvey.

Louisville, Monday, March 22. No preparations were made for the reception of Kossuth at Memphis, Tenn., consequently he did not

Very Late from Texas. NEW ORLEANS, March 16. The steamship Louisiana arrived to-day with advices from Galveston Texas, to the 12th inst.

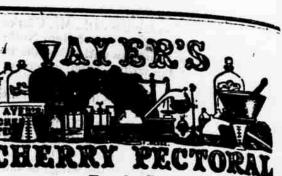
Wheat, for some remarks made by the former in his House in Williamston, on the second Monday in April paper unfavorable to the latter.

Indian depredations in Texas are reported to be of the most alarming character, and the Texas papers urge that unless Government speedily interferes to check them, irreparable damage to life and property must ensue.

MORTALITY AMONG GENERALS. Within the five vears which have elapsed since the commencement of

A HEAY DAY'S WORK. One million and a quarter of gold, from California, was melted on Thursday last, between the hours of 7 and 3 o'clock, in the melting department of the Mint, in Philadelphia. This ral, and Moore; for the defendant, Messrs. Dortoh, is the largest amount ever melted in one day since

A recent report, emanating from the Prefecture o



COUCHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BROY CHITIS, CROUP, ASTHMA, WHOOP. ING COUGH AND CONSUMPTION

This invaluable remedy for all diseases of the the and lungs has attained a celebrity from its remarkable cures, never equalled by any other medicine below Other preparations have shown themselves palliative so fully won the confidence of every community wher it is known. After years of trial in every climate, the results have indisputably shown it to possess a master over this dangerous class of diseases, which could be fail to attract the attention of Physicians, Patients, an the public at large. See the statements, not of obscur family is again agitated, with the certainty of its satare known and respected throughout the country.

The widely celebrated Surgeon, Dr. Valentine Mott

"It gives me pleasure to certify the value and effic cy of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which I consider pector culiarly adapted to cure diseases of throat and lungs. Dr. Perkins, the venerable President of the Vene Medical College, one of the eminently learned physical cians of this country, writes, the Cherry Pectoral is extensively used in this section, where it has shown unmistakable evidence of its happy effects upon pulmons

HANOVER, OHIO, April 3, 1850. Dear Sir : I wish I could tell all that suffer with cough, what your Cherry Pectoral has done for me. does seem they might be benefitted by the information I had a lung fever which left my lungs weak and inflan ed. Being very feeble and unable to gain strength at all my friends thought I must soon sink in consumption. had no appetite, and a dreadful cough was fast wearing me away. I began to take your beautiful medicine, the advice of a clergy man, who had seen its effects below It eased my cough at first, and gave me rest at night. less than a fortnight I could eat well, and my cough had ceased to be troublesome, my appetite returned, and my food nourished me, which soon restored my strength Now, after five weeks, I am well and strong, with no other help than your Cherry Pectoral Yours with re JULIA DEAN. I hereby certify that the above statement of my wife

is in conformity with my own views of her case, and her cure by Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. JOSEPH DEAN. The above named Joseph Dean, and Julia, his wife, are personally known to me, and implicit confidence may be placed in their statement. SAMUEL C. VAN DERWENT. Pastor of the Baptist Church Prepared and sold by James C. Ayer, Practical Chem.

Sold in Raleigh by Williams, Haywood & Co., and January 6, 1852. Important to Millers & Mill Owners, HE Undersigned would respectfully inform those engaged in the Milling Business in N. C., that he

notice, that almost invaluable article YOUNG'S IMPROVED PATENT SMUT AND SCREENING MACHINE. The only Machine of the kind that has stood the test and given satisfaction to the public. It has surplanted every Smut Machine yet offered in the State, more or less of which has been taken down to make room for it. The public need tear no imposition, as there are now some 280

There are a number of these Machines through which

JNO. A. MCMANNEN. December 21, 1850. A Farm and Beautiful Residence

FOR SALE. THE Subscriber, wishing to remove to the Southwest, would sell his lands in Cumberland county, upon reasonable and accommodating terms. There are about 2.700 or 3,000 acres, all lying in one body, and of which 400 or 500 acres are in cultivation.

The Plank Road of the Joint Stock Company, from Fayetteville to Raleigh, will run within one mile of the reicence. Most of the lands that are in cultivation lie within three miles of the Cape Fear river, adjoining the lands of John C. Williams and others. The above situation is very desirable, from the fact that it is surrounded by the best of neighbors and society.

The subscriber might say much more by way of inducement; but he deems it unnecessary, as those wishing to purchase can call and see for themselves. The above lands can be divided so as to suit purch-

Any further information can be given by application to the subscriber, or by letter addressed to him at Kingsbury, Cumberland County, N. C. D. S. WILLIAMS.

February 9, 1852. State of North Carolina,—MARTIN Co., Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Term, 1852. Starkey Sharp, by his triend and agent, S. S. Simmons, vs. Wm. L. Rhodes—Original Attachment. It appearing to the Court that the defendant is a nonresident of this State, it is ordered therefore that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard for six pear at the next term of this Court to be held at the Court House, in Williamston, on the second Monday in April next, then and there to replevy or plead to issue, or judgment final will be entered against him, and the property levied on condemned to satisfy plaintiff's debla Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of our said Court, at of-

fice, the second Monday in January, A. D. 1852. L. JOHNSON, Clerk. February 7, 1852. (Pr. Adv. \$5,621) 907-6w. Clate of North Carolina-MARTIN Co. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Term, 1852. Peter P. Lawrence, Cashier vs. William L.

Rhodes-Original Attachment. It appearing to the Court that the defendant is a nonresident of this State, it is ordered therefore that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard for six successive weeks, notitying the said defendant to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court House, in Williamston, on the second Monday in April next, then and there to replevy or plead to issue, April next, then and there to replevy or plead to issue, or judgment fina! will be entered against him, and the property levied on condemned to satisfy plaintiff's debt. Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of said Court, at office, second Monday in January, A. D. 1852.

L. JOHNSON, Clerk.
Feb. 7, 1852.

(Pr. Adv. 25, 621.)

907. 6w.

Feb. 7, 1852. (Pr. Adv. \$5,621) 907 6w. State of North Carolina-WARTIN Co., Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Ler 1852. Thomas E. Pender vs Wm. L. Rhodes, Original Attachment. It appearing to the Court that the defendant is a non-

resident of this State, it is ordered therefore that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard for six Much excitement existed at Brownsville, growing out of an assault upon the editor of the Flag, by Col. at the next term of this Court to be held at the Court at the next term of this Court to be held at the April next, hen and there to replevy or plead to issue, 6 The capture of Carvajal by General Harney is con- judgment final will be entered up against him. and the fice, the second Monday in January, A. D. 1852. L. JOHNSON, Clerk. Feb. 7, 1852. (Pr. Adv. \$5,62½.) 907-6w.

State of North Carolina, Rocking. Term, A. D. 1851. Alfred M. Scales, vs. Margaret Scales, Petition for Divorce.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that it defendant Mergarett Scales, is not an inhabitant of State, it is therefore ordered by the Court, that public tion be made, for six weeks ruccessively in the North Carolina Standard, for the said defendant to be hear the next term of this Court, to be held in the Court House at Wentworth, on the fifth Monday after the four Monday of March next, then and there to plead, at swer, or demur to the said petition; otherwise the will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte.

Witness, Thomas Ruffin, Jr., Clerk and Master said Court, at office in Wentworth, the fifth Monds) after the fourth Monday of September, 1851. T. RUFFIN, Jr., C. M.

January 7th, 1852. [Pr adv. \$5 624] 902-6w. BLANK WARBANTS, And Court Blanks, for sale at the Standard Office